



SCIENCE SUBJECT STATEMENT

This statement supports the school vision

SEEKING ↪ **SERVING** ↪ **SOARING** ↪

Science is a body of knowledge built up through experimental testing of ideas. Science is also methodology, a practical way of finding reliable answers to questions we may ask about the world around us. Science in our school is about developing children's ideas and ways of working that enable them to make sense of the world in which they live through investigation, as well as using and applying process skills. We look for opportunities to take our science learning outside.

Teaching and Learning in science

Our role is to teach scientific enquiry through the programmes of study for Key Stage 1 and Key Stage 2 in the National Curriculum and the Early Years Foundation Stage Framework.

EYFS

In Reception Year, science forms part of Knowledge and Understanding of the World which is one of the 6 areas of learning. Science is taught in a very practical, exploratory way. Children are able to develop their natural sense of curiosity for the world around them. They are encouraged to talk about their ideas and ask questions. They are able to explore objects and materials, looking at similarities and differences and making discoveries for themselves. This takes place through a balance of child initiated and adult led activities which take place both in the classroom and outdoors.

Key Stage 1 and Key Stage 2

The National Curriculum sets out the purpose of study and aims in science

The Purpose of study

- A high-quality science education provides the foundations for understanding the world through the specific disciplines of biology, chemistry and physics. Science has changed our lives and is vital to the world's future prosperity, and all pupils should be taught essential aspects of the knowledge, methods, processes and uses of science. Through building up a body of key foundational knowledge and concepts, pupils should be encouraged to recognise the power of rational explanation and develop a sense of excitement and curiosity about natural phenomena. They should be encouraged to understand how science can be used to explain what is occurring, predict how things will behave, and analyse causes.

The aims are to ensure that all pupils:

- develop scientific knowledge and conceptual understanding through the specific disciplines of biology, chemistry and physics
- develop understanding of the nature, processes and methods of science through different types of science enquiries that help them to answer scientific questions about the world around them
- are equipped with the scientific knowledge required to understand the uses and implications of science, today and for the future. For older children the aims of science are outlined in subject specific guidance

We view the teaching and learning of attitudes and skills as a key part of the science curriculum.

Attitudes

- Encouraging the development of positive attitudes to science.
- Building on our children's natural curiosity and developing a scientific approach to problems.
- Encouraging open-mindedness, self-assessment, perseverance and responsibility.
- Building our children's self-confidence to enable them to work independently.
- Developing our children's social skills to work cooperatively with others.
- Providing our children with an enjoyable experience of science, so that they will develop a deep and lasting interest and may be motivated to study science further.

Skills

- Giving our children an understanding of scientific processes.
- Helping our children to acquire practical scientific skills.
- Developing the skills of investigation - including observing, measuring, predicting, hypothesising, experimenting, communicating, interpreting, explaining and evaluating.
- Developing the use of scientific language, recording and techniques.
- Developing the use of ICT in investigating and recording.
- Enabling our children to become effective communicators of scientific ideas, facts and data.

Assessment and progression

- Individual pupils are assessed at the end of each learning project and these cumulative records pass from class to class
- These records provide key learning outcomes for lessons as well as starting points for progression in order to build on prior learning

Equal opportunities in science

Science is taught within the guidelines of the school's commitment to equality.

- We ensure that all our children have the opportunity to gain science knowledge and understanding regardless of gender, race, class, physical or intellectual ability.
- We aim to teach science in a broad global and historical context, using the widest possible perspective and including the contributions of people of many different backgrounds.
- We draw examples from other cultures, recognising that simple technology may be superior to complex solutions.
- We value science as a vehicle for the development of language skills, and we encourage our children to talk constructively about their science experiences.
- We recognise the particular importance of first-hand experience for motivating children with learning difficulties.
- We foster children's developing creativity by asking and encouraging challenging questions and encouraging original thinking.

Resources

We provide practical resources so children can work scientifically independently, in pairs and in groups.

Safety

Teachers refer to subject specific safety guidance *Be Safe* and <http://www.cleapss.org.uk/>